



# JEOPARDY!

**PLEASE CLICK TO START THE GAME!**

JEOPARDY!	JEOPARDY!	JEOPARDY!	JEOPARDY!	JEOPARDY!	JEOPARDY!
\$ 200	\$ 200	\$ 200	\$ 200	\$ 200	JEOPARDY!
\$ 400	\$ 400	\$ 400	\$ 400	\$ 400	JEOPARDY!
\$ 600	\$ 600	\$ 600	\$ 600	\$ 600	JEOPARDY!
\$ 800	\$ 800	\$ 800	\$ 800	\$ 800	JEOPARDY!
\$ 1000	\$ 1000	\$ 1000	\$ 1000	\$ 1000	JEOPARDY!



# JEOPARDY!



**Pop! goes  
the weasel**

**JEOPARDY!**



# Picture Time

**JEOPARDY!**



**Easy does it**

**JEOPARDY!**



**That's gonna  
smart**

**JEOPARDY!**



# **Laxidasic ligaments**

**JEOPARDY!**

<b>Pop! Goes the weasel</b>	<b>Picture Time</b>	<b>Easy Does it</b>	<b>That's gonna smart</b>	<b>Laxidasical ligaments</b>	<b>JEOPARDY!</b>
<b>\$ 200</b>	<b>\$ 200</b>	<b>\$ 200</b>	<b>\$ 200</b>	<b>\$ 200</b>	<b>JEOPARDY!</b>
<b>\$ 400</b>	<b>\$ 400</b>	<b>\$ 400</b>	<b>\$ 400</b>	<b>\$ 400</b>	<b>JEOPARDY!</b>
<b>\$ 600</b>	<b>\$ 600</b>	<b>\$ 600</b>	<b>\$ 600</b>	<b>\$ 600</b>	<b>JEOPARDY!</b>
<b>\$ 800</b>	<b>\$ 800</b>	<b>\$ 800</b>	<b>\$ 800</b>	<b>\$ 800</b>	<b>JEOPARDY!</b>
<b>\$ 1000</b>	<b>\$ 1000</b>	<b>\$ 1000</b>	<b>\$ 1000</b>	<b>\$ 1000</b>	<b>JEOPARDY!</b>



An 11-year-old female patient presents to your clinic with right heel pain that has been getting worse throughout the volleyball season. Her pain is recreated with the squeezing of her calcaneus.

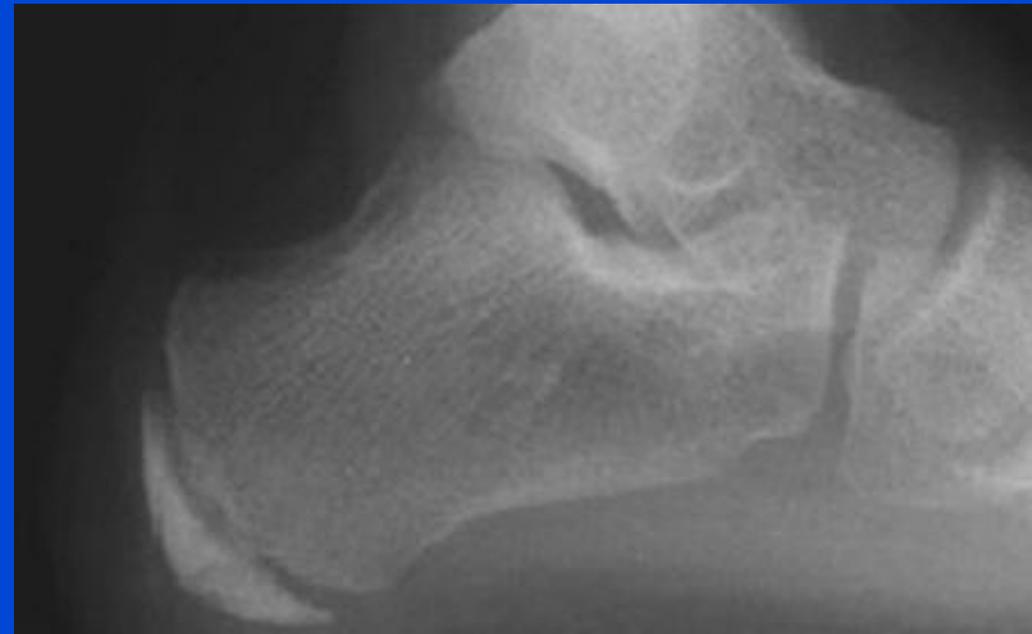
[Click here for the answer](#)



# Solution:

What is Sever's  
Disease?

\$ 200





An 11-year-old male soccer player had a non-contact injury in which he felt a pop about his right hip. He has been able to bear weight since then, but has pain with activities. On physical exam he has point tenderness anteriorly just proximal to his hip.

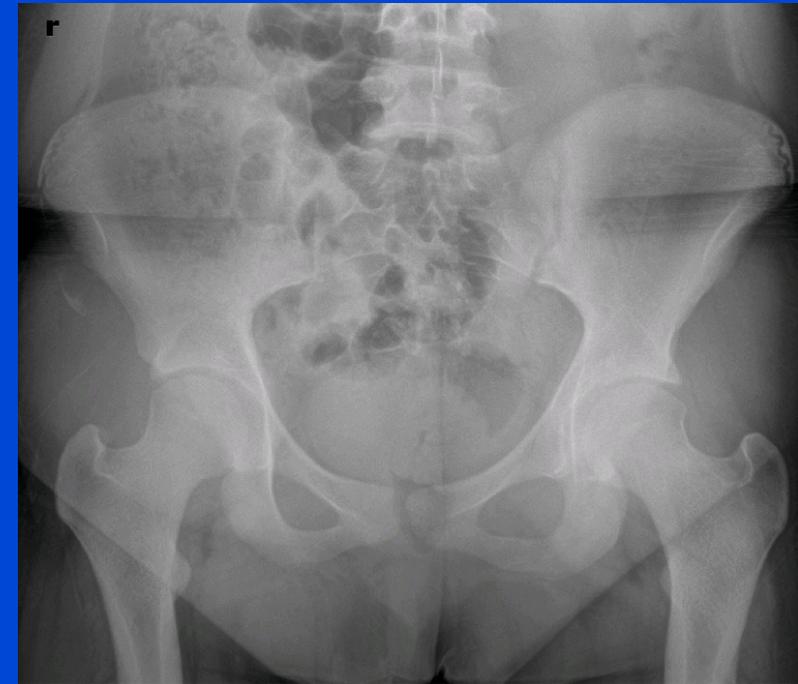
[\*\*Click here for the answer\*\*](#)



## Solution:

What is an Anterior Superior Iliac Spine (ASIS) Avulsion?

\$ 400





A 14 y/o M w/L knee pain. He denies any trauma to the knee. The patient runs cross country for his high school team and attends practice regularly. On physical exam, the tibial tubercle is pronounced and there is tenderness to palpation over the affected area. The patient reports pain upon resisted knee extension.

[Click here for the answer](#)



# Solution:

## What is Osgood Schlatter?

\$ 600





A 14 year-old male baseball player presents to your office with acute medial-sided elbow pain that began last weekend when he pitched on 3 straight days. He is tender directly over the medial epicondyle and has pain with a moving valgus stress test.

[Click here for the answer](#)



## Solution:

What is Little  
Leaguer's Elbow?

\$ 800





A 13-year-old athlete presented with pain on the lateral foot edge. Pain was elicited by palpation of the fifth metatarsal and also by plantar flexion and resisted eversion.

[Click here for the answer](#)



Solution:

What is  
Iselin's disease?

\$ 1000





12 yo presents to the urgent care after a fall sustained after a bicycle crash. He landed on his shoulder and now reports pain with moving his shoulder. His arm is held against his chest at this time and there is bruising and swelling noted on his clavicle. On palpation, he is point tender in the middle third of his clavicle and there is some crepitus felt.

[Click here for the answer](#)



# Solution:

What is a clavicle fracture?

\$ 200





A 10 yo M presents to the office after for evaluation of right forearm pain sustained after he fell off a skateboard and braced his fall with his hand. He only reports pain in his forearm but reports no numbness, tingling, or weakness. Examination reveals him to be tender over the dorsal distal radius.

[Click here for the answer](#)



## Solution:

What is a distal radius fracture?

\$ 400





**An 8 yo boy presents to the ED for evaluation of leg pain. While playing with his friends, he jumped off a wall and then developed pain in the anterior aspect of his leg. He has good pulses and there is no numbness, tingling, or weakness.**

**[Click here for the answer](#)**

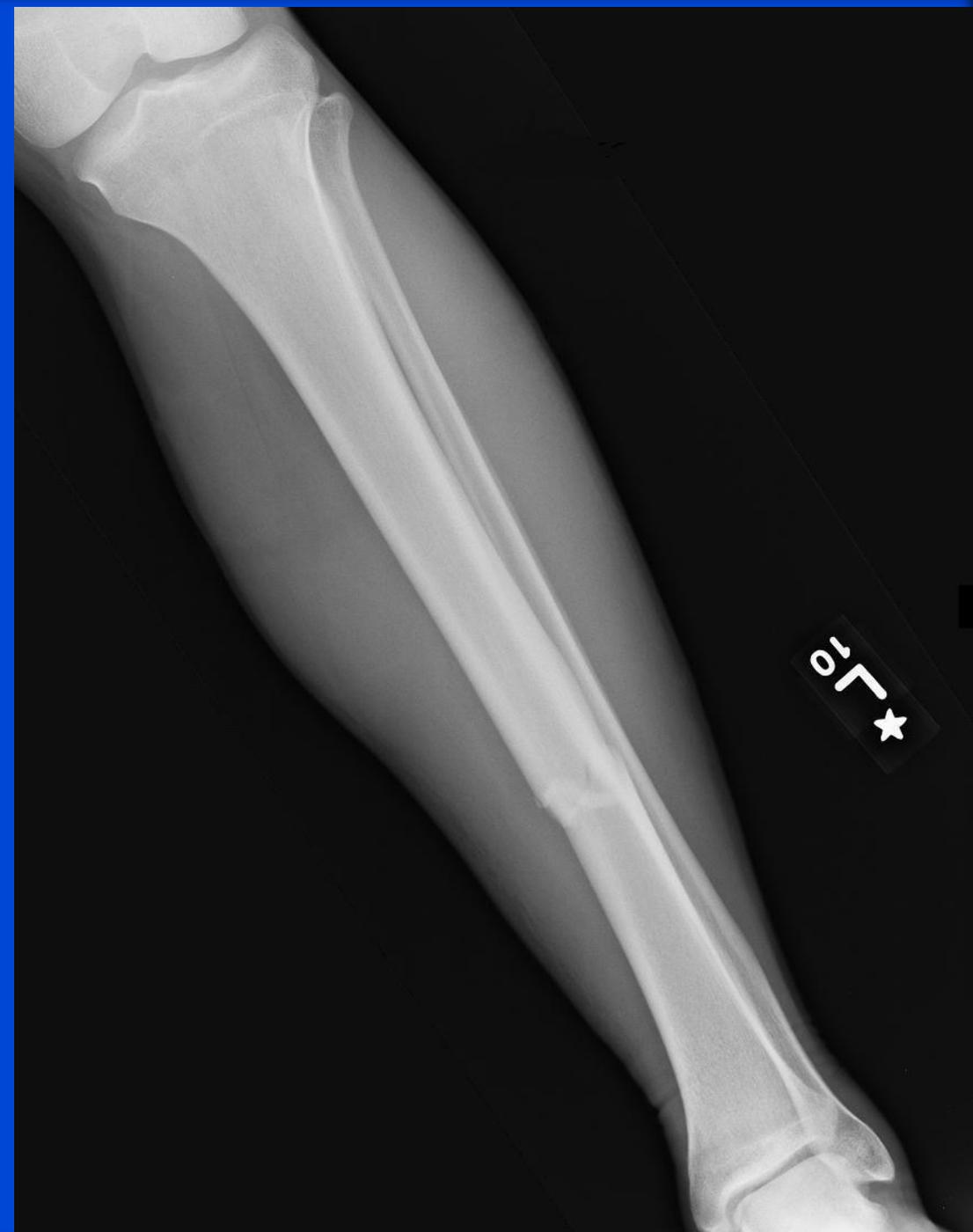


## Solution:

What is a tibial shaft fracture?



\$ 600





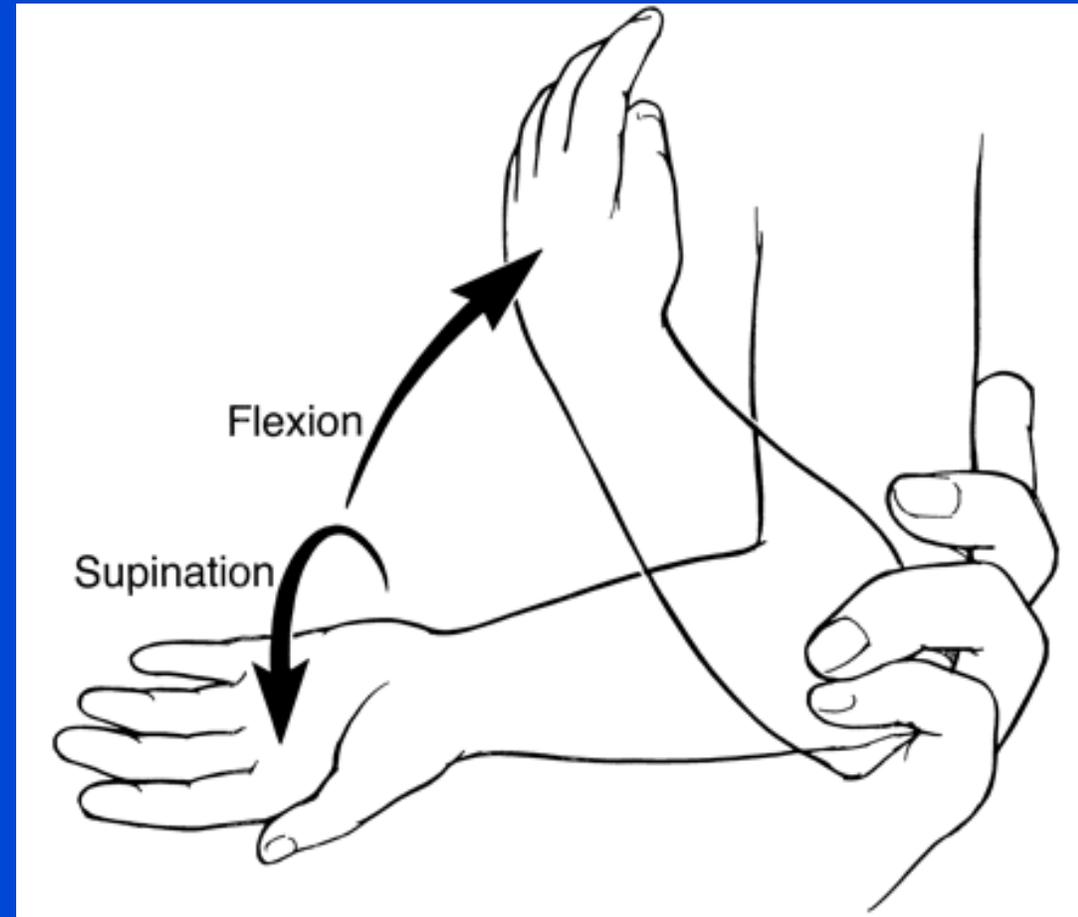
**A 3 yo presents to the ED after he complains of elbow pain after playing with his older cousin. His older cousin was holding him up by his hands and helping him play as Superman. He reports that his elbow hurts and is not using his arm.**

**[Click here for the answer](#)**



## Solution:

What is a radial head subluxation



\$ 800





Classify  
this  
fracture



[Click here for the answer](#)



## Solution:

What is a Salter-Harris III?

\$ 1000



A 17 yo F presents to clinic with complaint of 3 weeks of left anterior shin pain. Pain is worse as she starts running, and then starts to feel better. Denies any numbness or tingling. She is tender along the tibia, and plantarflexion is painful.

[Click here for the answer](#)



# Solution:

What is medial tibial stress syndrome (shin splints) ?



\$ 200





A 17 yo track runner reports left leg pain for 3 months that was insidious in onset. Is no longer able to run and has failed all modalities of non-operative treatment. Radiographs were unremarkable.

[Click here for the answer](#)



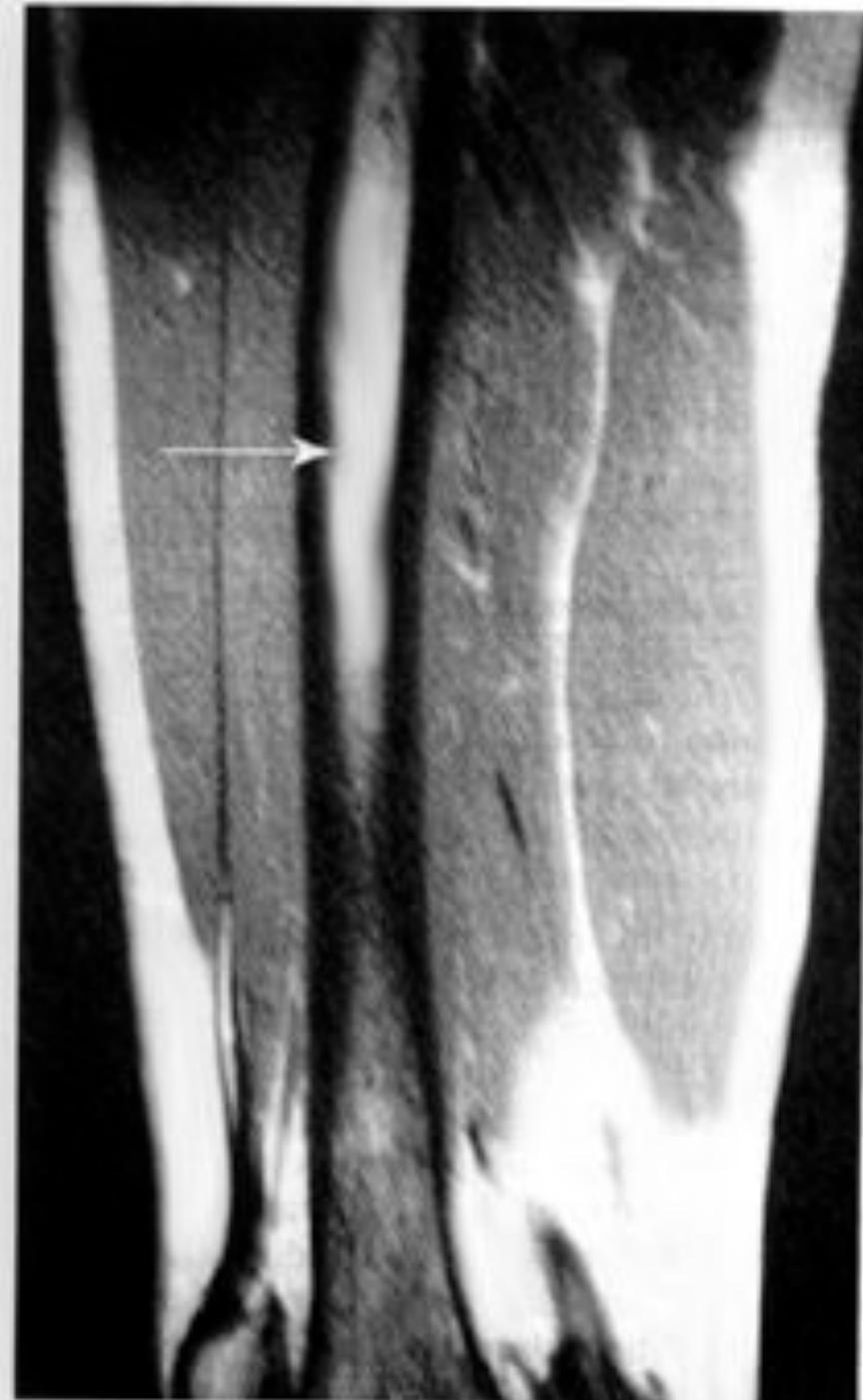
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## Solution:

What is a stress fracture?

\$ 400

\$





A 12 yo baseball pitcher that presents with a 6-month history of worsening right shoulder pain. On examination, he has point tenderness over the proximal humeral physis but has full range of motion of the shoulder with no neurologic deficits.

[Click here for the answer](#)



# Solution:

What is Little  
League  
Shoulder?

\$ 600





A 7 yo girl presents to your clinic complaining of 4 months of occasional back pain during gymnastics practice.

[Click here for the answer](#)



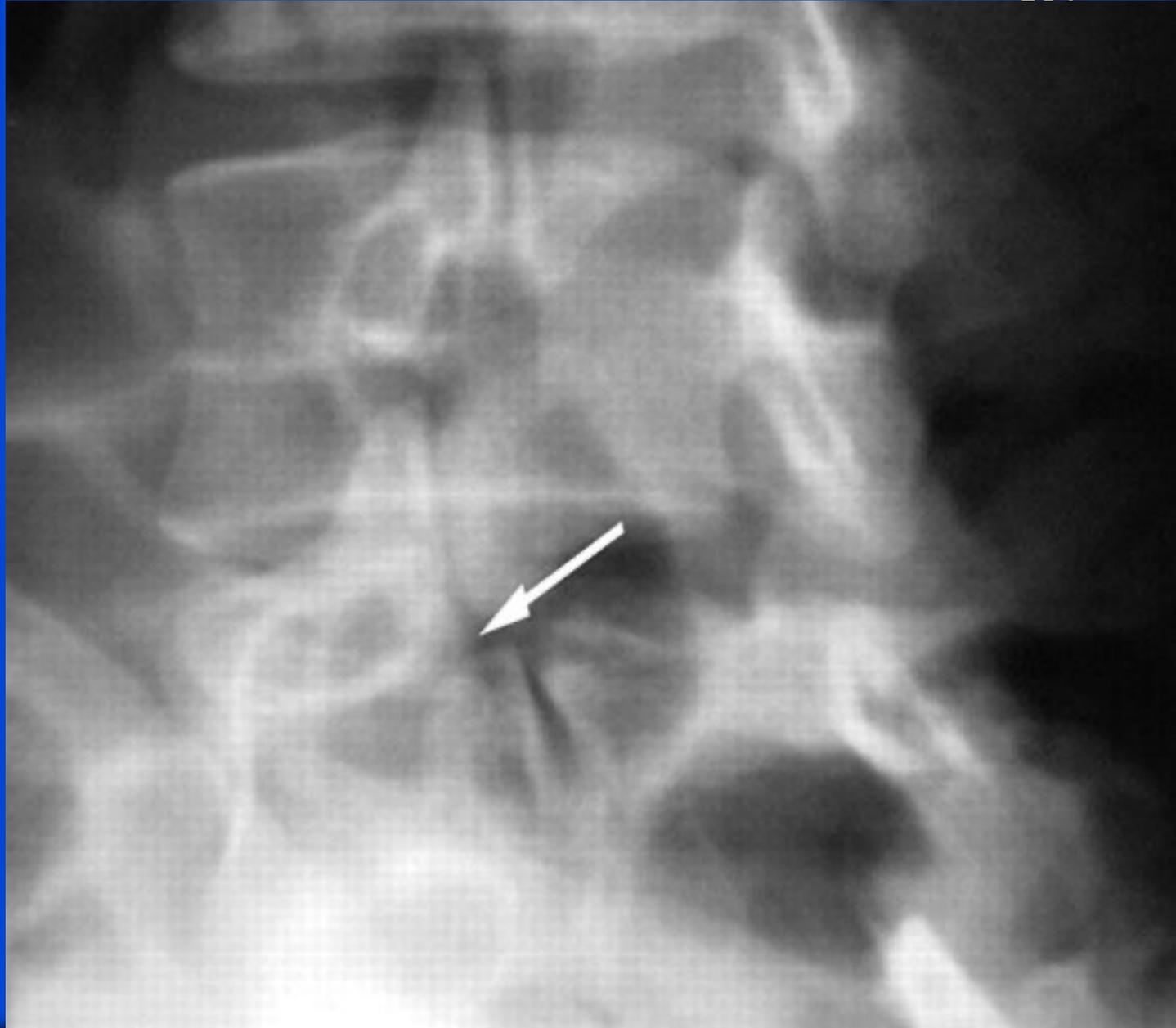
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# Solution:

What is  
spondylolysis

\$ 800

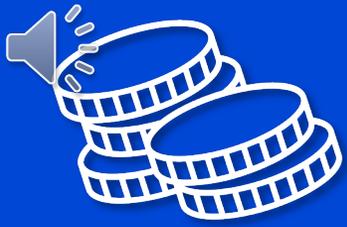
\$





A 13 yo pitcher develops pain over the lateral aspect of his throwing elbow. He has an effusion and a painful click on passive elbow rotation.

[Click here for the answer](#)



## Solution:

What is  
Osteochondritis  
dissecans of the  
elbow?

\$ 1000





This is the only high school sport with a higher rate of concussion in practice than in competition.

[Click here for the answer](#)



# Solution:

What is  
cheerleading?

\$ 200





A football player returns for follow up one week after sustaining a concussion during a punt return. At rest he continues to have a headache with occasional blurred vision out of his right eye. On exam he has full motor function to the bilateral upper and lower extremities. A normal sensory exam is documented. All cognitive testing has returned to baseline levels. His allowed physical activity level should be this.

[Click here for the answer](#)



# Solution:

Aerobic activity as tolerated (step 2 on rtp)



\$ 400





A hockey player experiences less than 15 minutes of confusion and headache after a direct blow to the helmet. He is told he will follow the 6-step graduated return to play protocol. The correct minimum duration that should elapse prior to advancing to the next step of the return to play protocol is this.

[Click here for the answer](#)



Solution:

24 hours

\$ 600





An 18 yo cheerleader suffers a concussion after a failed stunt. After 1 week, he follows up with you in clinic, with complaint of continued dizziness, especially with watching moving objects. Saccades testing reveals no nystagmus but does cause increased dizziness and discomfort. This cheerleader has dysfunction of this system.

[Click here for the answer](#)



Solution:

What is the  
vestibular system?

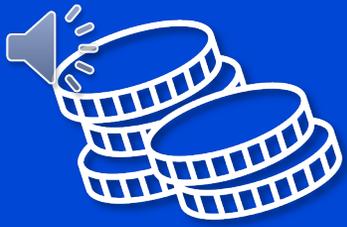
\$ 800





A 16 yo volleyball player presents 2 weeks after sustaining a concussion. She continues to develop a headache at the end of the school day, and for that reason, has not yet been able to start a return-to-play protocol. After questioning, the student reveals most of her classes are computer-based and must complete this graduated progression back to school.

[Click here for the answer](#)



## Solution:

What is the return-to-learn  
protocol?

\$ 1000



A 17-year-old basketball player went up for a rebound and inverted his left foot upon landing. On exam, you notice significant swelling and ecchymosis of the left ankle. With the ankle in 10 degrees of plantar flexion, the talus is noted to translate 10mm anterior to the tibia. This is the most commonly injured ligament of the ankle.

[Click here for the answer](#)



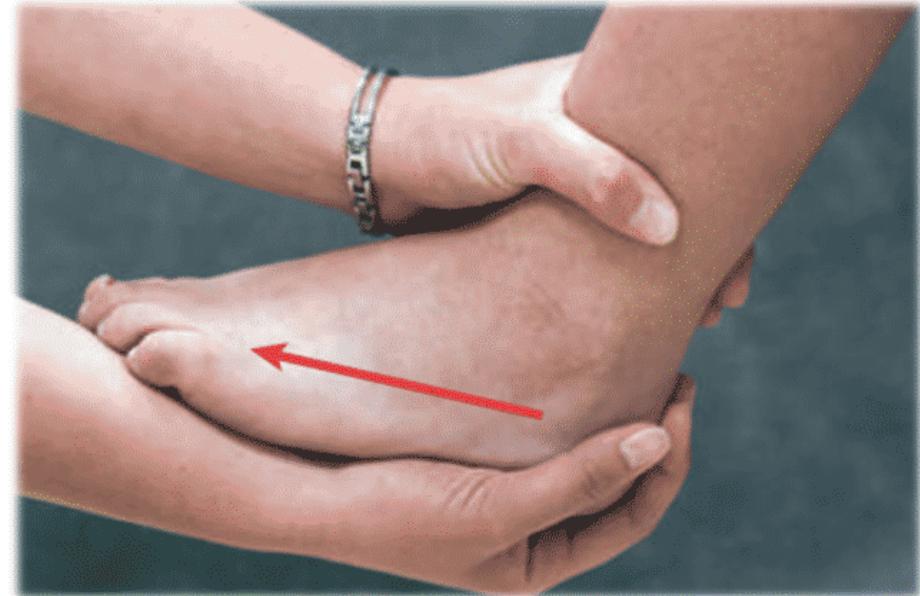
# \$ Solution:



## What is the ATFL?

\$ \$ 200

Anterior Drawer Test of the ankle





A 16-year-old male running back presents to your clinic after a knee injury during his school's game yesterday. He states he attempted to spin to avoid a defender and his knee gave out, causing a loud pop.

Immediate swelling was noted which is observed still today. Examination is difficult given acute pain and guarding.

[Click here for the answer](#)



# Solution:

What is the  
ACL?

\$ 400





A 14-year-old elite basketball player develops acute medial elbow pain after a fall. Physical examination reveals medial elbow tenderness over the sublime tubercle, but full range of motion. The ‘milking maneuver’ exacerbates his elbow pain.

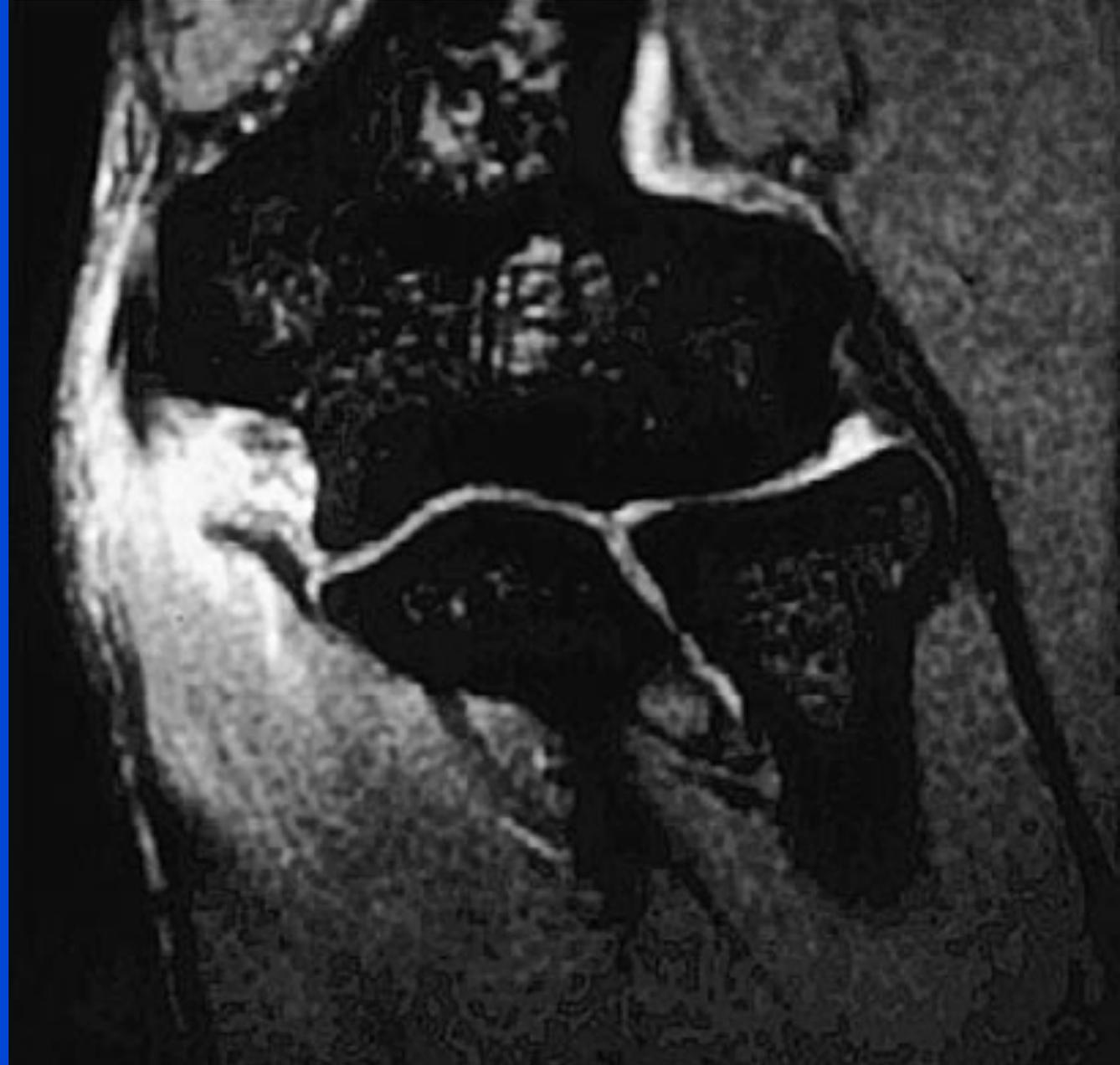
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# Solution:

What is  
the UCL?

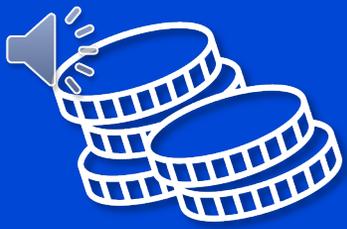
\$ 600





A 12 yo basketball player comes out of the game after getting her finger jammed by a basketball. There is no bruising and mild tenderness on the radial side of the third PIP of the right hand. There is mild laxity with varus pressure.

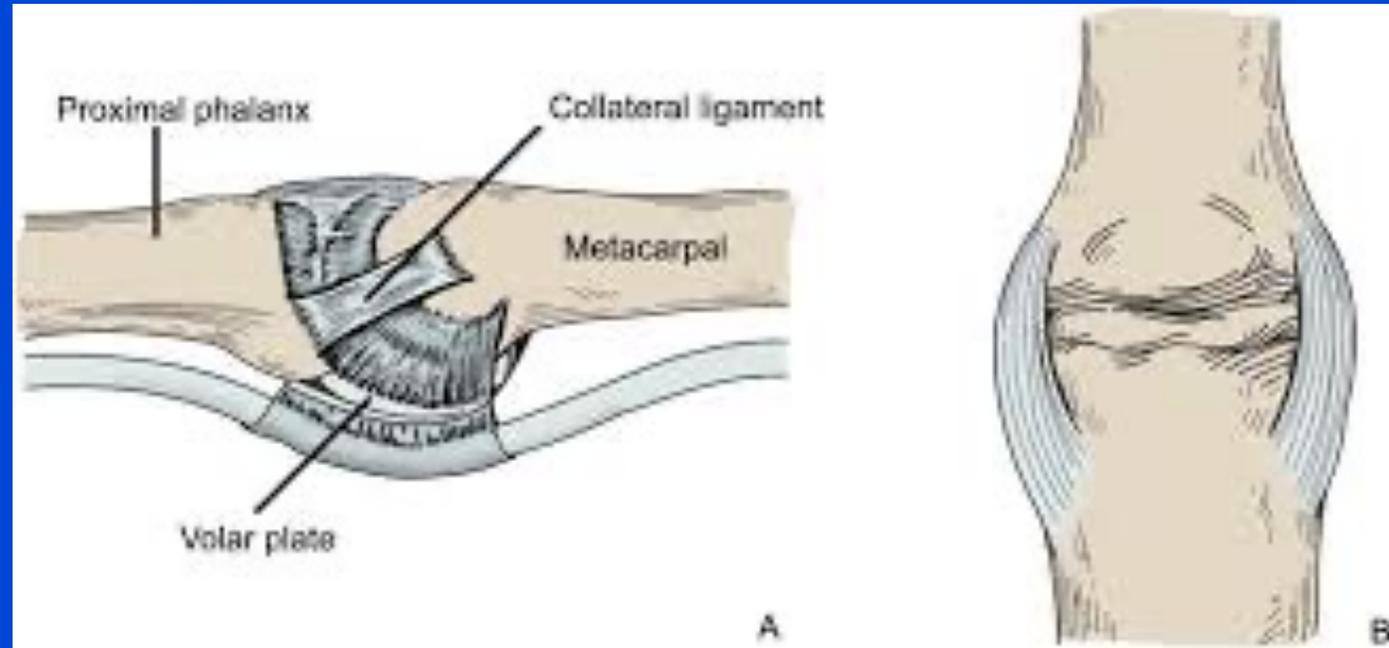
[Click here for the answer](#)



# Solution:

What is the digital collateral ligament?

\$ 800





A 16-year-old presents to student health with severe knee pain. His right leg laterally. On physical exam, anterior and posterior drawer test are negative. He has increased laxity with valgus stress and no laxity with varus stress to the knee.

[Click here for the answer](#)



## Solution:

What is the MCL?

\$ 1000

